

Limit small edition! ARKBIRD Nano is a high-accuracy autopilot designed for fixed-wing. It can superimpose OSD (On Screen Display) data on videos and at the same time control the balance, return to home, waypoint and many other modes of your aircraft with high precision.

The autopilot weights only 15.2g and dimension is 3.8cm(L) x 3.8cm(W) x 1.7cm(H). It integrated pixel-level OSD menu and AAT airborne module, with customized small current sensor and GPS, is suitable for racing planes and small FPV aircraft.

The perfect auto-stabilization system and a plug-and-play design free you from worries and inconveniences and enjoy the beauty of FPV in an instant.

(The product continues to upgrade, please follow our official website: www.arkbirdfpv.com or Facebook for the latest information and download the latest documents)

Arkbird Nano Main Features:

1. High accuracy air-speed meter(selectable); with air-speed and ground speed control and protection.

2. High-definition Pix-Level OSD menu, animation flight interface, Chinese language OSD menu, Chinese

language flight interface and eight types of 3D airplane models. À 士士姓 🙏 🕀 📽 算



3. With the data fluctuation graph display function, you can select "height", "speed" or "RSSI" as shown below:



4. Integrated AAT airborne module which can cooperate directly with the ground terminal of Arkbird AAT and mini AAT.

5. Support SBUS or PPM input, 7 output channels; with stability augmentation output on the camera PTZ.

6. Flap can be intelligent controlled by speed , channel 1-7 (aileron-flaps) mix-control selectable; with slow release function, flap value can be displayed on the OSD.

7. More ways of mixed control include delta wing and V-tail wing, and Bi-motor plane, Bi-motor flying wing and butterfly brake (mixed control of CH1, CH2, CH4 and CH7).

8. Support Arkbird 433MHz 10 channels and RSSI single wire transmission.

9. Support Quadcopter and VTOL aircraft.

Arkbird Nano Main Functions

1. Function all in one broad, on broad IMU (Inertial measurement unit), OSD (On Screen Display), barometer Attitude sensor, 12V-5V regulation chip, "ESC + voltage regulation" dual power supply. Industrial reliable designed.

2. Plug & Play design, no needed to weld any wire.

3.Can be installed flatwise or sidewise, suitable for small aircraft.

4. Intelligent PID controller. Easy to adjust.

5. Adjust parameters by OSD menu and radio stick.

6. Power & Video voltage, Go-home direction, radar mark, flight time, horizon, total distance, and power consumption, etc, can be displayed on Screen.

7. One button auto-leveling, stick back to center, plane can fly levelly.

8. One button RTH (return-to-home), lost radio signal return-home.

More Extended functions Meets all you need

Launch Assist	Run up with aircraft in hands, when the speed is higher than 5kmph, the throttle will start									
	output and automatically control the take-off.									
Fence mode	Out of rectangle area or safe height, it returns automatically, best helper for beginner									
Waypoint Mode	It is able to trace the Way Point Set by menu.									
<u>Hover mode</u>	Regard the hover position as balance position, nose up and keep steady									
Cruise flight	Keep a straight & constant-height flight.									
<u>Flap control</u>	Lower the flap surface automatically when speed is insufficient.									
Butterfly brake	Mixed control Make the fly wing change its direction smoothly without aileron inclining									
Flight Record	Records the time, voyage, data of power consumption and various maximum records of the									
	flights.									
<u>Gyro Mode</u>	It will do compensation for unintentional attitude changes to keep 3D angle status.									
<u>PTZ output</u>	When the flight is tilting, channel 5&6 will give an opposite compensation, so as to level the									
	camera.									
Semi-Balance Mo	Dde When the CH1 and CH2 of rocker is less than 50%, the plane is in Balance Mode. When the									
	rocker is more than 50%, the plane is in Gyro Mode. (This function allows you making a turn									
	with a large dip angle, even vertical rise and roll or other actions. After finished these actions,									
	you only need to move the stick to the center to make the plane back.)									
VTOL plane	A unique fpv fixed wing plane with vertical taken off and landing function									

Demonstration of Arkbird VTOL Aircraft (Patented Product) :

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uQibL09skJ8

(8 minutes VTOL mode, 25 minutes @45km/h fixed wing mode)



Attention

All the details can be found in our instruction. Please read carefully before operating and pay close attention to the details and important parameters, in case you miss any important information which may leave hazards or cause damage.

Please install the propellers after debugging, and remember to open the radio controller before power on the plane, also please power off the plane before close the radio controller. Otherwise, the autopilot will out of control and returning, and 100% throttle output in condition of GPS incorrect positioning.

Reminding:

For the first installation, please power up after a wire check. Forcible satellite search interface will be entered (incontrollable) every time you power up. You can pop-up manually and adjust rudder angle directions in Manual Mode and auxiliary control in Balance Mode. A Neutral Point Check for the sensor is necessary. Also, you need a fail-safe protection for the receiver in case your autopilot loses control when returning home. Adjust the OSD voltage value before takeoff.

For the first flight, we suggest taking off with "Manual Mode". Check if the aircraft flies normally after switching to "Balance Mode" in a level flight. Then switch to "RTH Mode" and check the autopilot by using OSD

parameter (see the last chapter in the instructions: Notes for Balance and RTH). Please keep an eye on the important parameters during the flight (Vibration value, Satellite number, Speed and Altitude).

When the maiden flight test is done, Balance Mode can be used freely for taking off the autopilot, or you can use extended functions such as waypoints, cruise flight or fence mode.

VTOL models haven't manual mode. Please switch to balance mode to check if the remote control, the servos and motors movement are correct or not firstly. Then please switch to hover mode, after confirm all movement are correct, then unlock the plane to fly.

Working Principle & Suggested Setting Value

The working principle of the ARKBIRD Nano autopilot is: When you input 0-100% rudder quantity, it will be analyzed to lock 0-45 degree angle. Therefore, increasing the rudder angle of the remote control will only increase the maximum inclination angle of the rocker. Therefore, if you do not want to increase the flight inclination angle, you can set the rudder angle of the remote control to the default 100%.

The autopilot control value of CTL (roll, pitch, yaw) is corresponding to the installed mechanical angle of the aircraft, which determines the speed of the aircraft "reaching to the target angle". Because of most installed mechanical angles are designed during process of designing planes, usually using the second mounting hole, so you can use the default control value of CTL. (Models can use the default parameters include Pterosaur, Good Boy, Minth Cessna, Skywalker 1880, Skywalker 1900, Skywalker 2016, Skua, 757 series models and most like real models)

For some models, control value is designed quite large(for example Skywalker X5), or speed is designed very fast, so you need to reduce the control value (X5 control value is set to 45, 45, 90, Mini Talon can be set to 65, 65, 90, X-UAV Talon and Clouds set to 80, 80, 125, Skywalker X8 series set to 80, 80, 120, Most of the flying wings need to reduce the aileron lifting control value and increase the direction control value Yaw);

A few models rudder surface is narrow, which direction stability is weak and easy to be deflected by wind or returning in the shape of "S". We suggest you to increase Yaw value properly. (For example, Skywalker 1680 recommends control values of 100, 100, 120, Skyhunter control values of 100, 100, 130; 1.4 m Surfers, Sirius, 2 m surfers MTD increased to 100, 100, 140 or even 100, 100, 170)

Attention:

When the aircraft reaches to the target angle under control of the autopilot, we cannot ensure the plane won't loss speed at high angle of attack flight. So we suggest you set up the RTH head-up angle to 25-30 degrees(Default angle is 35 degrees), such as Skyhunter, X8, Talon and mini Talon these heavy-loading planes, also please move the center of gravity forward, for avoiding the plane stalling and cannot come out from spiral status to level flight.

Adjusting autopilots' control value can only solve the rudder angle problem, but cannot cover the imbalance brought by mechanical problem, such as the uneven center of gravity and tension line. Therefore, please remember that you need to switch to Manual Mode to check if the plane is real "mechanical stabilization" or not.



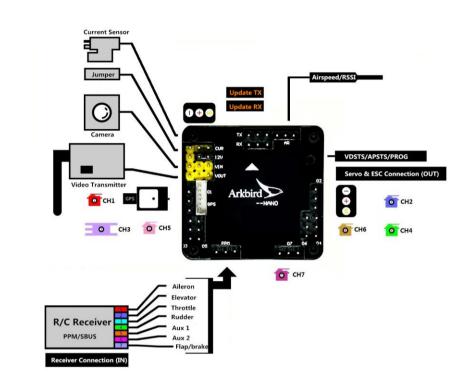
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1wirings

Attention:

For each 3P wire, from left to right or from up to down the correct order is Ground wire, Power wire and Signal wire. The yellow port is high pressure port(for power supply, video power voltage, camera and video transmitter, please DON'T connect it to 5V power equipment).



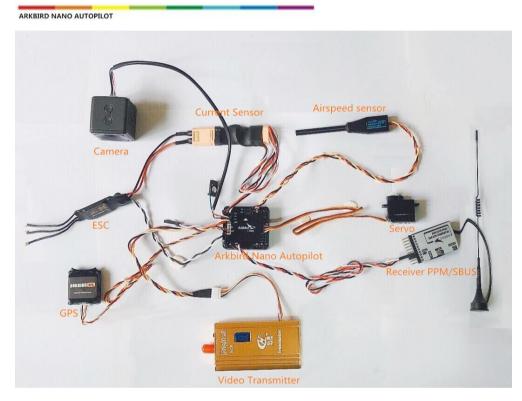
Mixed control output

Arkbird Nano autopilot provides various intelligent mixed control

	Ordinary	Fly-Wing	V-Tail	Bi-motor	Bi-motor Fly-Wing	Butterfly Brake
CH 1	Aileron Y	Right surface	Aileron Y	Aileron Y	Right surface	Left-Outer surface
CH 2	Elevator	Left surface	Right V-Tail	Elevator	Left surface	Right-Inner surface
CH 3	ESC	ESC	ESC	Left ESC	Left ESC	ESC
CH 4	Rudder	Rudder	Left V-Tail	Right ESC	Right ESC	Left-Inner surface
CH 5	Gimbal Roll	Gimbal Roll	Gimbal Roll	Gimbal Roll	Gimbal Roll	Gimbal Roll
CH 6	Gimbal Pitch	Gimbal Pitch	Gimbal Pitch	Gimbal Pitch	Gimbal Pitch	Gimbal Pitch
СН 7	Flap Y*	Flap Y*	Flap Y*	Flap Y*	Flap Y*	Right-Outer surface *

1) When connecting CH7 to two Flap servos with a Y shape wire, you need a inversed servo, but when connecting Butterfly Brake, there is no need using a inversed servo.

- 2) Except the fly-wings, you can use CH1/7 mixed control, using two surfaces to achieve aileron & flap functions.
- Bi-motor mixed control, when throttle is less than 25%, there is no differential steering, when over 25%, throttle outputs differential steering.
- 4) You can plug the airspeed sensor into paralleling "RX" port if using GCS function.
- 5) CH5 and CH6 default output are gimbal roll and gimbal pitch, it can be set up direction, value, or it can be output through CH7, CH8, CH9 and CH10 directly. Please enter OSD menu and set up in the option of "Gimbal Roll" and "Gimbal Pitch".



Attention:

- 1. If the camera needs a 5V supply, please connect a BEC from 12V or main power. Do not connect CPU 5V for a 5V camera in case of the power supply shortage.
- 2. PPM port, supports Arkbird 433 receiver to achieve single-wire 10 Channel transmission and signal strength RSSI (automatically identified when plugged in).
- 3. The digital high-accuracy airspeed meter, if you need use the RSSI function, the airspeed meter also can be connected to RX port. It is different from GPS ground speed, it can calculate the relative speed between the plane and air. As the air speed is a necessary condition for generation of lift force. Insufficient airspeed may cause stall. The airspeed meter collects the speed in front of the plane. As to flying in windy days or when flight is heavy-loaded, it will increase throttle when flying upwind and decrease when flying downwind.
- 4. Extension wire can be used. Do not make the orifice get close to the motor so as to avoid airflow interference. After power on, it will be calibrated automatically within 10 seconds. During this period, do not touch the orifice.

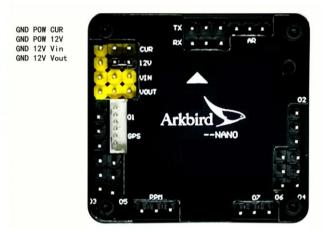
5. When the airspeed meter is connected, the OSD will display the airspeed A 0km/h. Under the RTH and waypoint mode, either air speed or ground speed is lower than the set "safe speed", Autopilot will increase the throttle proportionally.

Attention: The airspeed meter only participates in control under the mode of returning or waypoint etc. Under the balance or manual mode, it does not participate in control. In this time keep an eye on the value on the airspeed meter for reference.

2 Power Supply Mode

Recommend using one single 3S (12V) battery to supply motor power and Arkbird OSD, Video TX & camera (Shared supply),

Otherwise, use one battery (4S-6S) to supply motor power, another 3S battery to supply OSD & Video (Separated supply).



3S Battery Shared Power Supply (Factory Default)



The 3P wire definition: Black-Ground wire, Red-Power, White-Signal

The red and black wires of the current sensor connect the power to the flight controller. The power port is only used for voltage detection, and the withstand voltage is 33V.

Connecting the jumper cap, power and video will be linked together, which provide power for the flight controller, camera, and video transmitter.

The video power position withstand voltage is up to 20V, but note that most of the video transmitter and camera withstand voltage is only 12V.

1. When using 3S battery as power, short connected the jumper cap, the current sensor will provide power for video transmitter, camera and flight controller OSD 12V module. (This is default shared electrical connection,)

If you use 4S battery, and the camera and video transmitter have a 17V withstand voltage, you can also use the hared electrolysis method above, using a 4S battery to power for the flight control, video transmitter and camera.

Independent Power Supply



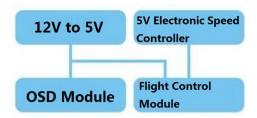
2. If the power supply >4S battery, or the camera and video transmitter can only supply 12V power, please supply the power and video parts independently. Unplug the jumper cap and plug a 3S battery into the third row "video power" port (800mah-1400mah is recommended) to provide power for video transmitter, camera and flight control OSD 12V module.

Power voltage can be displayed on OSD.

3 5V Dual Power Supply

Servos and receivers are 5V voltage, please connect a regulator 5V BEC to the autopilot when you testing, otherwise the servo cannot work.

The power (OSD 12V to 5V regulator) with 5V BEC (from ESC) supplies power to the CPU module at the same time.



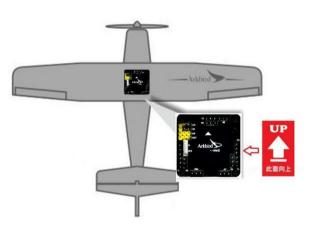
If OSD function is not used, please plug in OSD 12V power as well to prevent a lack of power supply for 5V ESC.

4 Installation:

1. **The pins of GPS and 12V ports** shall stay forward (toward flying direction); the side with Arkbird LOGO shall be **upward** or vertical toward right wing. (Default is level installation)

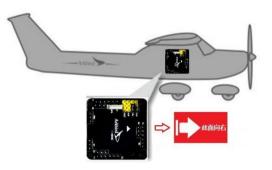
- 2. Keep GPS antenna upward placed and away from interference sources such as VideoTX and camera.
- 3. Put on heat-shrink tubing, fix by sponge and cable tie. Please keep away from motor to avoid vibration which will reduce the accuracy of sensor.
- 4. When setting return-to-home, please take off propellers for safety concern.

Level Installation





Vertical Installation





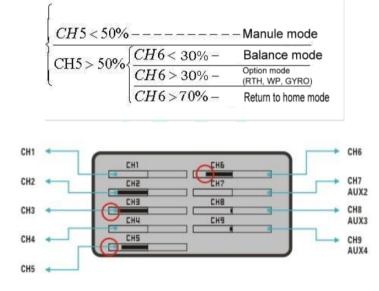
2 ways of installation

After installation, test OSD and the radio control. Use CH5 and CH6 (0% to 100%) to switch flight mode.

- While CH5 < 50%, it switches to Manual Mode, autopilot is not involved in the control.
- While CH5 > 50% and CH6 < 30%, it switches to Balance Mode;

While CH5 > 50% and 30% < CH6 < 70%, it switches to Custom Mode(Waypoint Mode ,Hover Mode, Fence Mode, RTH mode), Default is RTH mode.

While CH5 > 50% and CH6> 70%, it switches to Return-to-home (RTH) Mode.

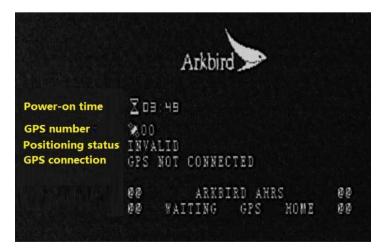


6 GPS & Save Home Position

After power on, Arkbird will start to search GPS satellite and save the first valid position as Home.

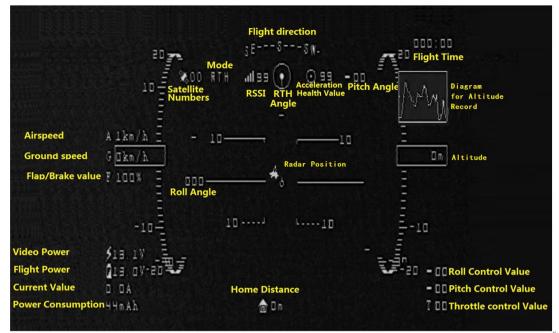
During searching, the elevator will be up and any manipulation of radio stick is invalid. If need to skip the searching, please push CH6 more than 75% and push CH1 to left or right side for 1 second.

Once skipped the searching, it CANNOT switch to RTH mode, RTH logo will flash but it is balance mode.



The plane cannot be manipulated when forcible satellite searching

Flight OSD Interface



Attention

- 1. Only when the camera signal is connected can the OSD work and the AAT function be used; when no camera connected, the VDSTS yellow LED flashes slowly. Upon receiving, the LED will flash fast.
- 2. There is AAT modulation module in the Arkbird Nano autopilot. The GPS information is superimposed in the video signal, and can be downloaded via video TX unit. Together with the ground unit, GPS signal can be directly identified and tracked. (AAT ground terminal's yellow LED has double flash lights at first. After being positioned, the yellow LED flashes fast. As there is no audio output, the green LED will not flash). If VDSTS on Nano OSD or the ground terminal's yellow LED does not flash, try to change the PAL/NTSC format. When applying NTSC, AAT ground module may need to upgrade.
- 3. Please reduce the motor vibration to keep the "vibration value" more than 70 (99 is the most ideal situation).
- 4. The idle current is 0.8A while turning off the throttle, if the readout is wrong, please enter the OSD menu and exit to reset the current value.
- When Arkbird is auto piloting the plane(RTH mode、 Cruise flight), the lower right will display Roll, Pitch control Angle Value and Throttle Value, Adjust Autopilot if these angles not appropriate.
- 6. Pay attention to GPS satellite quantity, less than 7 will result mistake positioning..
- As Arkbird applies anti-interference inertial navigational compass, instead of magnetic compass, there is no need to do manual calibration. But the flying direction on the compass is incorrect on the ground. 10 seconds after taking off, it will calibrate according to the GPS coordinate. Then compass gets normal.
- 8. The horizontal position should be identical with the actual horizon. If not, calibrate the sensor again.

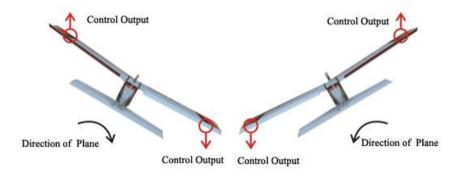
Radio Stick and SUB-TRIM back to center, set radio travel range as 100%.

Switching to Manual Mode, Arkbird will not participate control, set manual control's reverse through radio, adjust plane's CG and travel angle, make sure plane can fly stably in horizontal without Autopilot.

Reverse Balance Mode assistant Control

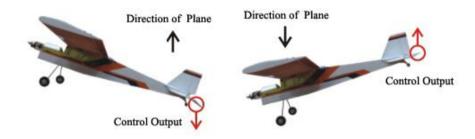
Switching to Balance Mode by pushing CH5 to 100% and CH6 to 0%, if the neutral point is correct, rudder, aileron and elevator shall be at the neutral position, otherwise, please check the neutral point again.(see OSD menu -> CTL parameters)

1. **Aileron**: When rolling the plane to right, aileron shall produce a left compensation automatically, make plane go back horizontal. On the contrary, when rolling to left, aileron will produce a right compensation. Please see as below:



If the compensation direction is not correct, please adjust the Roll inverse in OSD menu -> Flight parameters.

2. **Elevator**: When pitching up the plane, elevator shall produce a down compensation automatically. On the contrary, when pitching down, elevator will produce an up compensation. Please see as below:



If the compensation direction is not correct, please adjust the Pitch inverse in OSD menu -> Flight parameters.

3. **Rudder**: When yawing the plane to right, rudder shall produce a left compensation automatically. On the contrary, when yawing to left, rudder will produce a right compensation.



If the compensation direction is not correct, please adjust the Yaw inverse in OSD menu -> Flight parameters. If using Mixed-control, check the compensations for a leveling flight, pay attention to differential steering speed if using Bi-motor control.

8 GPS and Return to Home Instruction

While switching to **RTH Mode** (CH5 to 100% and CH6 to 100%), it will adjust the flying height to safe height to go home.

If the throttle safe is open and when height and distance is within 30m, there will be no throttle output, to avoid any hacking while adjusting. (Refer to OSD menu)

During RTH mode throttle will increase if altitude is low, or speed is slow, decrease if altitude is high, or speed is faster than set safe speed.

Once lost GPS satellite, switching to RTH, the plane will go home automatically based on the home angle of last position before out of signal. Within radio range, please switch to Balance Mode and land.

Please keep an eye on the quantity of GPS signal and voltage value, fly carefully. Please note if the quantity of satellite is less than 7, the positioning might not be correct.

9 Fail-Safe to RTH mode

Fail-Safe is a receiver's function to preset position when receiver is out of signal. Some receivers can set in the radio menu, and some save the current position through receiver (probably through a button).

Please refer to the manual of receiver. Set the fail-safe position the same as Return-to-Home Mode through CH5 and CH6 (CH5>50%, CH6 > 70%). And then turn off the radio to check if it switches to Return-to-Home Mode.

(Note: No need to set fail-safe from channel 1 to channel 4 as these four channels are controlled by autopilot under Return-to-Home Mode, which is not relevant to receiver.)

10 OSD and Menu

CH5 switches to Manual Mode(<50%), throttle to 0%, and push CH1 to left or right side for 6 seconds, it will enter into main menu. Exit the main menu if CH5 switches to auto mode(>50%).

Moving stick up and down to change the value, pushing to right side to select, and pushing to left side to exit

and save parameters.

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Main Menu:

Set HOME	Save home position
Set CTL Parameters	Set CTL Parameters
Set RTH Parameters	Set RTH (Return to Home) Parameters
Set OSD Parameters	Set OSD Interface

Flight Parameters	Reverse and delta-wing mixing
Fence Area Set	Set Fence Mode Area
Way Point Set1	Set Way Point Mode1
Way Point Set2	Set Way Point Mode2
-Flight Record-	Records of flight time, curding range, power consumption and every
	highest record. "RECENT" refers to the recent flight record: "RECORD"
	refers to the total record.

Move stick to right side for 5 seconds to reset to default

Reset All to Default



Flight Data Logging Function

Set CTL Parameters

Arkbird	
V1.1003	
+ROLL CTL	100%
PITCH CTL	100%
TAY CTL	100%
MEUTRAL CHECK	
LAUCH ASSIST	OFF
CUSTON NODE	RTH
HOVER ELEVATE	5.0
HEIGHT SOURCE	ARPRESSUR

Roll Control(%)(equivalent to travel range on radio, Please adjust the travel range on OSD, do not adjust through radio) Pitch Control (%) Yaw Control (%) **Neutral Check** Neutral Point Check: Neutral point alignment needed under first installation, not used for weeks,

or temperature variation is more than 10 degrees.

Aileron all the way to the right means it is waiting autopilot be put down, OSD shows "Waiting Neutral Point Check."

Put the autopilot paralleled to the ground (Please prop up if there is a landing gear), and move CH1 left and right to do 3-seconds neutral point check. Aileron will be back to center once finished.

Note: Pushing CH5 and CH6 to minus (0%) and moving CH1 stick to left or right side within 3 seconds after power on can also enter neutral point check.

Launch Assist

Roll Ctl

Pitch Ctl

Yaw Ctl

After turning the function on (ON), "Launch Assist" function which can help to control throttle and reduce the difficulty of take-off in manual throwing process.

Switch to balance mode and the throttle will not be started.

Run up with aircraft in hands, when the speed is higher than 5kmph, the throttle will start output and automatically control the take-off.

Note: This function can only be started when more than 6 GPS satellites are available. In order to ensure safety, in run-up process, lower the throttle stick, lower the aircraft head down 35° or stop the run-up, throttle will be disabled. When the aircraft flies above 15m high, or more than 100 m away, launch assist will be disabled and throttle will under normal control.

Custom Mode	Custom Mode(CH5> 50% and 30% < CH6 < 70%):
	RTH : Return to Home(Default)
	Way Point : Way Point Mode, it is able to trace the Way Point Set by
	WayPoint menu.
	HOVER : Hover mode, regard the hover position as balance position
	Gyro : Gyro Mode, it will do compensation for unintentional attitude
	changes.
	Lock Dir/Heig: Lock direction and height (Cruise flight):

 Under balance mode, when CH3>20% CH1 and CH2 stick back to center,

 height and direction will be locked and keep straight &constant-height flight.

 Aileron and elevator can also be controlled through CH1 and CH2.

 Lock Dir:
 lock direction only

 Lock Heg:
 lock height only

 Semi-Balance Mode:
 When the CH1 and CH2 of rocker is less than 50%, the plane is in Balance Mode. When the rocker is more than 50%, the plane is in Gyro Mode.

 Hover Yield
 Switched to Hover mode, the plane will nose up , if the plane cannot maintain front/backward position ,increase this value so the elevator surface will move up a little angle (nose down).

Set RTH Parameters

	-	
Ark	bird	
V1	. 1003	
+MAN ROLL		35.0
MAX UP		35. O
MAX DOWN		35.0
ELEVATE	ANGLE	5.0
RTH THROT	TLE	50%
AUTO THROT	TLE	Y
SAFE SPEED		45km/h
SAFE HEIGH	T	1001
THROTTLE SA	FE	Y
AIRSPEED CA	LI	100%

Max RollMax roll angle while return to home, 20 to 40 degree recommended.							
Max UP Max pitch (up) angle while return to home, 20 to 40 degree recommended.							
Max Down Max pitch (down) angle while return to home, 20 to 35 degree recommended							
Elevate Angle Level flight's elevate angle, 3 to 15 degree recommended. Please adjust the							
	while pitch up or down to have level flight even the stick is back to center.						
RTH Throttle	Potura to homo throttle (%)						
RTH Throttle Return to home throttle (%)							
AUTO Throttle The autopilot will use the throttle value of level flight automatically as ret							
	home throttle. (Default)						
Safe Speed	Minimum speed of return to home (when speed is less than the certain value, it will						
	accelerate throttle in proportion to avoid lost while being upwind.)						
Safe Height	Safe Height (The minimum height of return to home, 80 to 200 m recommended.)						
Throttle Safe	Throttle Safe (When distance and height are less than 30m, for safety concern,						
	there is no throttle output under RTH Mode.)						

Set OSD Parameters

	Arkbird V1.1003
Language	Chinese/English Page switching
Show Lat-long	Show longitude and altitude
AD Calibrate	Battery voltage calibration
OSD Pattern	OSD interface selection
	Default: Normal interface
	Fighter:HUD interface
	Default 3D / Fighter 3D : The airplane attitudes will be shown as 3D
	animation.
P or N (Xin)	PAL/ NTSC selection
Show RSSI	Display the AR port's voltage, 0-3.3V is corresponding to 0-100%
Cur Man Calibrate	Current calibration %. The current sensor will adjust and input the correct
	power. Consumption after landing to calibrate the displayed battery capacity
	(MAH).
Unit	Ft(imperial)and Meter(Metric)Unit Selection;
LowPowerAlarm	There will be a flicker alarm when flight power is lower than this value.
Data Diagram	You may choose "OFF", "Altitude", "Speed" or "RSSI". once opened it, the diagram
	will be shown as a picture on top right of OSD, the x-coordinate is 30 seconds,
	the y-coordinate unit is 100 while showing "speed" and "RSSI" and 50 while
Radar Plane Types	The radar mode plane is no longer marked as an arrow, it can be shown as 8
	kinds of plane models as following pictures and 3 sizes are
	provided. 🛧 🛨 🛧 🕐 📽 🙀



Flight Parameters

	Arkbird VI 1003
Roll	Roll Reverse
Pitch	Pitch Reverse
Yaw	Yaw Reverse
MIX	More ways of mixed control include delta wing and V-tail wing, and Bi-motor plane,
	Bi-motor flying wing and butterfly brake (mixed control of 1247channel).
Gimbal roll compensation;	Norm/Inverse: Gimbal output of channel 5 left and right positive/negative
	CH8 : port CH5 is directly output of CH8 in
Gimbal Pitch	Norm/Inverse: Gimbal output of channel 6 up and down positive/negative
	compensation;
	CH7 Norm/ CH7 Inverse: On the basis of Gimbal output of channel 6
	positive/negative compensation, add stick's value of CH7.
	CH7 : port CH6 is directly output of CH7 in
	CH9 : port CH6 is directly output of CH9 in
Gimbal roll value	Gimbal output value of channel 5 left and right compensation
Gimbal pitch value	Gimbal output value of channel 6 up and down compensation
(Please connect the our	tput of channel 5 & 6 to the camera PTZ of servos. When the flight is tilting, channel 5&6
will give an opposite co	mpensation, so as to level the camera.)

Flap mode

CH7 (Default)	CH7 output is directly the CH7 input
CH7/Speed	CH7 output is control by the CH7 input and Speed. When the CH7 is at the two
	edges, CH7 has the priority to control the flap surface. When the CH7 is in the
	middle, the speed will participate in controlling the flap wing: Either airspeed or
	ground speed, when the lower speed is lower than "SafeSpeed", the flap wing will
	be lowered proportionally. When the speed is 0, FlapMax occurs. When the speed is
	over SafeSpeed, Flapzero occurs.
OFF	Turn off the control and OSD Flap value display
Flap Max	FlapMax (OSD displays F, 100% output flap quantity). When doing the
	commissioning, the rudder will output FlapMax value. Correct FlapMax value can be

-20-

set according to the rudder position; If the flap wings move in the opposite direction, adjust the value across 50%;

 Flap zero
 Flapzero (OSD shows F, 0% output flap quantity). When doing the commissioning,

 the rudder will output Flapzero value. Correct Flapzero value can be set according to

 the rudder position; If the flap wings move in the opposite direction, adjust the

 value across 50%;

If the flap servo moves different from the OSD "Flap value"(0-100%), there is no inverse option, you can adjust Flapzero & Flapmax one over 50% and one lower than 50%, for example setting (25%, 57%) to (75%, 25%) will make the servo moves a different direction. Firstly adjust the parameters by OSD, then check CH7 of radio TX, set CH7 's manual control's reverse through radio

Attention: The flap is an aerofoil movable device on the edge of the flight. It can deflect or slide downward, which increases the lift force when flying. Flap wing output can release and retract slowly automatically (1.5s). It is advised to use a three section switch to control the flap wing so as to avoid accidence. When install the servos, please adjust the CH7 to make the "flap/brake value "on the OSD is 100% (zero point), then install a level rudder surface.

As the design of the aircraft shape, some aircraft may nod when lower the flap.

As most of the ailerons are on the outer side, when channel 1/7 mix control, the flap movement may cause the left and right side of the flight uneven.

Under the balance mode, uneven torque can be compensated by Autopilot. But under manual mode may lead to accidents. Test the rudder quantity well when using the flap, keep an eye on the flap/brake control value; Use the CH7 to control the flap. Add speed control after finishing testing the Flap max/Flap zero.

Butterfly brake

Arkbird	
V1.1003	3
ROLL (KEY1)	Norm
PITCH (KEY2)	Norm
XAW (KENE)	Norm
MIX (KEYH)	+Butterfly FW
Gimbal Roll	Norm
Gimbal Pitch	Norm
Gimbal R Value	100%
Gimbal P Value	100%
Brake Ctl	<u> </u>
InnerBrake Max	25%
OutBrake Max	23 M 75%

When the Mix (KEY4) is set to "Butterfly FW (Flywing) "mix control. Use four rudder surfaces to control the roll, pitch, direction and brake (slow down).

Two control surfaces on the left wing. The other two are on the right wing. The four surfaces are connected to the output places of channel 1, 4, 7, 8 in order.



Turn the aileron stick to the left, then the two surfaces on the left lift up and the two surfaces on the right go down.

Lower the lifting stick, then the two surfaces on the left lift up and the two surfaces on the right lift up too. Turn the direction stick to the left, then the outer surface will lift up and the inner surface goes down. There will be no movement on the right (Increase the resistance on the left, so as to make the flight turn left)

CH7 controls butterfly brake. The outer surface on the left will lift up and the surface on the right goes down. The outer surface will lift up.

Brake Ctl	CH7 (default): CH7 controls the rudder amounts of brake.
InnerBrake Max	Inner Brake Max: It is the maximum position at the two control surfaces in inner
	side when it brakes (OSD displays F, 100% output brake quantity). When this
	item gets into the adjusting, the servos will output the adjusting value, Correct
	InnerBrake value can be set according to the rudder position.
OuterBrake Max	Outer Brake Max: It is the maximum position at the two control surfaces in outer
	side when it brakes (OSD displays F, 100% output brake quantity). When this
	item gets into the adjusting, the servos will output the adjusting value, Correct

Attention: The mixed control of butterfly brake aims to let the fly wings change its direction smoothly without aileron inclining, avoiding stall spinning. When install the servos, please adjust the CH7 to make OSD display "flap/brake value" is F 0% (zero point) status.

OuterBrake value can be set according to the rudder position.

Since the inner torque is different from the outer torque, generally, OuterBrake Max and InnerBrake Max should be set one over 50% and one lower than 50%, and make the (OuterBrake-50%) set about a half of (InnerBrake-50%), for example, OuterBrake is set 65%(65%-50%=15%), the InnerBrake is set 20%(20% - 50% = -30%). If the wings can't yaw left and right smoothly, these two values can be adjusted.

CH7 controls brake. It increases the resistance flying, but no extra lift force. Generally it is used in rectilinear flight and landing. Please keep an eye on the value of flap/brake control displayed on the OSD.

Fence Area Set



Switching to CH5 > 50% and 30 %< CH6< 70%, within rectangle area and above safe height it is Balance Mode, otherwise it switches to RTH mode.

Fence Mode	Fence Mode , "ON" or "OFF"
North Dist	North Distance(m)
East Dist	East Distance(m)
South Dist	South Distance(m)
West Dist	West Distance(m)
Safe Height	Set Height(m)
21/17	



Way Point Set

Arkbird	>	Arkbird	>
+WP SAFE TIME NENT WP IN WP1 LNG DIST LAT DIST HEIGHT VF2 LON DIST LAT DIST HEIGHT	20 :00 90% 0% 2 100% N 100% 100% 0% E 100% S 100%	+WPB LNG DIST LAT DIST HEIGHT WP4 LON DIST LAT DIST HEIGHT	0% % 100% 5 100% 100% 0% % 100% % 100% 100%

Set four way points (WP1~WP4), allow to turn on/off separately.

Set Custom Mode as Way Point Mode (CH5 > 50% and 30 %< CH6< 70%). The plane will fly in a loop upon the sequence of 1 to 4, skip the waypoint turned off, and return to home while over the safe time.

WP safe time	WP safe time.
	Returning to home if reaches the safe time. Re-timing only next power-on.
WP1	WP 1 On/Off
Lng Dist	Waypoint 1 East-West distance away from Home (m)
	">" means East and "<" means West.
Lat Dist	Waypoint 1 South-North distance away from Home (m) " $symp $ "means
	South and" [☆] "means North
Height	Waypoint 1 Height(m)
WP2	WP 2 On/Off
Lng Dist	Waypoint 2 East-West distance away from Home (m)
	">"means East and "<" means West
Lat Dist	Waypoint 2 South-North distance away from Home (m)
	"≫"means South and "<>" means North
Height	Waypoint 2 Height(m)
WP3	WP 3 On/Off
Lng Dist	Waypoint 3 East-West distance away from Home (m)
	">" means East and "<" means West
Lat Dist	Waypoint 3 South-North distance away from Home (m) " $symp m$ means South and
	"奈" means North
Height	Waypoint 3 Height(m)
WP4	WP 4 On/Off
Lng Dist	Waypoint 4 East-West distance away from Home (m)
	">" means East and "<" means West
Lat Dist	Waypoint 4 South-North distance away from Home (m) " $symp ^{\prime\prime}$ means South and
	"奈" means North
Height	Waypoint 4 Height(m)



Arkbird VTOL Plane:

Adding selection of "Quadcopter/VTOL Plane" in the OSD main menu; New mode of "BimoFwing" for VTOL plane added in the "mix" menu.

			11111111111
@@ ARKBIRD	OSD @@		
V1_3015-			
*PWM FREQUENCY	50 HZ		
MOTO TOQUE	100%		T
AIRFOIL	100%		
REDUT-AGL2	100%	Arkbird >	Arkbird
REDUT-MODE	100%		
ACC-COMP	100%		
ALT-CTL	100%		-)
MAX DESCEND	1 .5m/S		

PWM Frequency	"PWM Frequency" Maximum of PWM frequency output speed is 320hz, which is
	suitable for high speed BEC, (Only affect VTOL mode and Quadcopter)
Motor Toque	During VTOL mode, motors toque caused by difference motors speed needs adjusted
	by aileron, Please increase this value if there exist torque when control channel 1 to
	make movement.
Airfoil	Airfoil will adjust the imbalance during VTOL mode and balance mode. Switch to
	balance mode before gets a stable vertical mode flight, then increase this value if
	plane's nose up, otherwise decrease this value.
ReduT-agl2	Throttle will be decreased when plane pushed forward, Please increase this value if
	throttle is too much when you push CH2 to make plane go forward during VTOL
	mode,
ReduT-mode	Throttle will be quickly decreased when plane switch to VTOL mode, Please increase
	this value if plane suddenly up rush. Please decrease this value if plane decreasing
	when switch to VTOL mode
ACC-comp	Compensation parameters of speed accelerated, Please keep it default.
Alt-CTL	Increasing CTL value is able to make plane more altitude stable, but overlarge value
	will leads to the up and down plane vibration.
MAX Descend	Arkbird Autopilot will not decrease throttle when rate of descent over the MAX
	descend, but throttle will be automatically closed when throttle is less than 20%.

"Roll Trim" is added in the CTL menu, which is able to adjust the different motors' speeds under vertical mode, please change this value if your bi-motor plane exist imbalance which caused by different motors' speed.

"Hover Yield" is added in the CTL menu, default pitch angle of VTOL mode is 6 degree, which is able to adjust pitch angle of plane in VTOL mode. Please decrease this value when plane has elevation angle, increase this value if plane has depression angle.

Both DIY fly wing plane and Arkbird VTOL plane are compatible with VTOL mode. For DIY fly wing, increasing aileron surface, adjusting CTL value if needed. Keep default values for Arkbird-VTOL plane.

When CH5<50%, There is no "manual mode" but is "hover mode". The Autopilot will give 1500us PWM output when entering the OSD Menu, so , Adjust the servo 's midpoint when display OSD menu.

For mixed of bi-motors fly wing plane, servo under the camera is connected to the CH7 out channel of Arkbird autopilot, Arkbird autopilot will automatically keep a stable pitch angle of camera during the switching from vertical mode to level flight.

Unlock method of VTOL mode: Put the Sticks to the corner for 3 Seconds, Throttle will be unlocked and VTOL mode flight will be activated after the throttle status of "L" changed to "O" on the OSD. (If unable to unlock, please check the inverse of the control value)



More information please refer to "VTOL Installation instructions"

11 Balance Mode and RTH Adjustment (Very Important)

Arkbird's default parameters will be ok for most plane types. But if the most ideal situation expected, please refer to the following methods:

First time installation, do a neutral point alignment. Plane shall be put paralleled to the ground before neutral point check, moving aileron stick left and right to get start. (Refer to CTL menu)

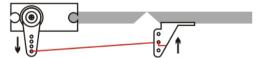
Roll the plane to right and left 45 degree after neutral point check to see if OSD horizon line tilts accordingly and quickly.

Please fly on default and record OSD video on the ground. Observe the attitude through OSD and adjust parameters.

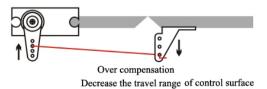
Adjusting Balance Mode:

Purpose: Stick and SUB-TRIM back to center, plane can be able to flight levelly.

1. Please increase control value ("ctl" in CTL menu) or plane's control surface when the stability not good enough (drift even stick back to center), and decrease it when the plane swings.



Increase the travel range of control surface



2. If plane pitches up or down when stick back to center, please adjust the "elevate angle" value (Do not adjust through SUB-TRIM, otherwise RTH Mode won't be precise.)

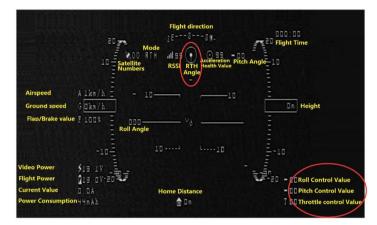
3. Please increase Yaw value to enhance stability. If planes are easily blowed by wind or returning in the shape of "S", also please increase the Yaw value.

Adjusting Return to Home Mode:

1. Switch to RTH Mode, Important parameters "RTH Angle," "Roll Control Value," "Pitch Control Value," and

"Throttle Control Value" shown on OSD shall be checked all the time.

Flying to certain height, switch to RTH Mode and check if these data are appropriate.



- 2. Adjust RTH parameters referring to these values. If the roll angle is too small to return promptly, please increase the Max Roll. If the turning is to fast so that the RTH line is "S" sharp, decrease the Max Roll and increase Rudder control (Yaw ctl)
- 3. Adjust Max Up and Max Down to make plane pitch up and down smoothly. (Too prompt or slow are improper)
- 4. Based on how far and high expect to fly, adjust safe height as high as possible (If fly far than 2km, please adjust this value more than 150m). Please set cruise speed as "Safe speed" in RTH menu.

12 FAQ and Solutions:

★When switching to Balance Mode, the elevator will lift up a bit because the "Elevate Angle in a level flight" in the menu is defaulted as 5°. Which means the plane will rise a bit in a level flight to ensure a level route. ★If the CH1 has touched the edge but you cannot enter the menu, please check if the route setup is too small on the remote control.

 \star It's normal when the direction of compass and return arrow is inaccurate while testing on the ground. The data will be calibrated by GPS in 10s after the plane takes off.

13 Other FAQ:

Q: There is no OSD / OSD is incomplete

A: Check the wiring, restart the power, check if the camera is turned on, to see if the VDLED flashes fast.

If there shows OSD but incomplete, check PAL/ NTSC signal custom option or change display device, some USB-AV card output is incomplete

Q: Cannot locate home, displaying "Waiting GPS Home"

Seeing OSD "Waiting GPS Home" proves GPS wiring is OK, otherwise, please check GPS wiring. A:

GPS's white antenna shall face up; keep GPS away from Video TX and Camera. Some inferior Video TX's antenna will affect GPS, too. You can try to remove the casing of GPS, or put a layer of tin foil paper under GPS to enhance the performance.

GPS can only work Outdoors, First time about 5-10 minutes, next power on of the same day it would take less than 10seconds to locate.

Q: Plane tilts under Balance Mode / Manual Mode, can I adjust the radio TRIM

Δ۰ First time installation, do a neutral point alignment. Radio stick and SUB-TRIM back to center, adjust plane's CG and travel angle to make plane balanced.

Arkbird can produce compensation when CG & travel angle is not appropriate, but it is not mechanical stable, there would be hidden trouble under RTH mode. So firstly make sure plane can fly stably in horizontal under Manual Mode.

O: Inaccurate Return-To-Home

Adjust remote control rudder angle to 100% and sub-trim back to center. Check carefully in reference to the Α: "Debugging Skills for Balance and RTH Mode" chapter of our instructions.

Make ground video recordings. When switching to RTH or other autonomous flight modes, Roll/ Pitch inclination value and throttle control value will be shown at the bottom right corner of OSD. These data will tell you if the control values are proper and will help you judge which parameter needs to be sub-trimmed.

14 Attentions:

Please read through carefully:

1. The design purpose of autopilot is to keep balance of flight, it is not able to manipulate plane or prevent stall. You must have sufficient experiences of fixed wing to control the flight.

2. The autopilot is only for small-scale RC model. For safety concern, please do not install in plane for aerial photography which might fly over crowd.

3. Please install the autopilot depends on your demands and check the condition before flying every time.

4. Any equipments and electric products on the plane couldn't be completely reliable, please using this system following the instruction. The system provider is not responsible for any direct or indirect loss and consequence caused by using this product.

